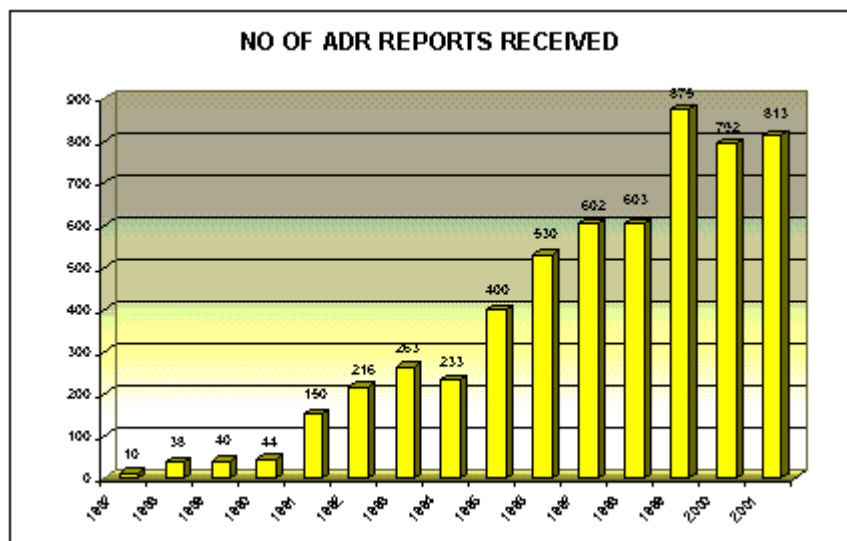


ANNUAL REPORT OF THE MALAYSIAN ADVERSE DRUG REACTIONS ADVISORY COMMITTEE 2001

REPORTING RATE

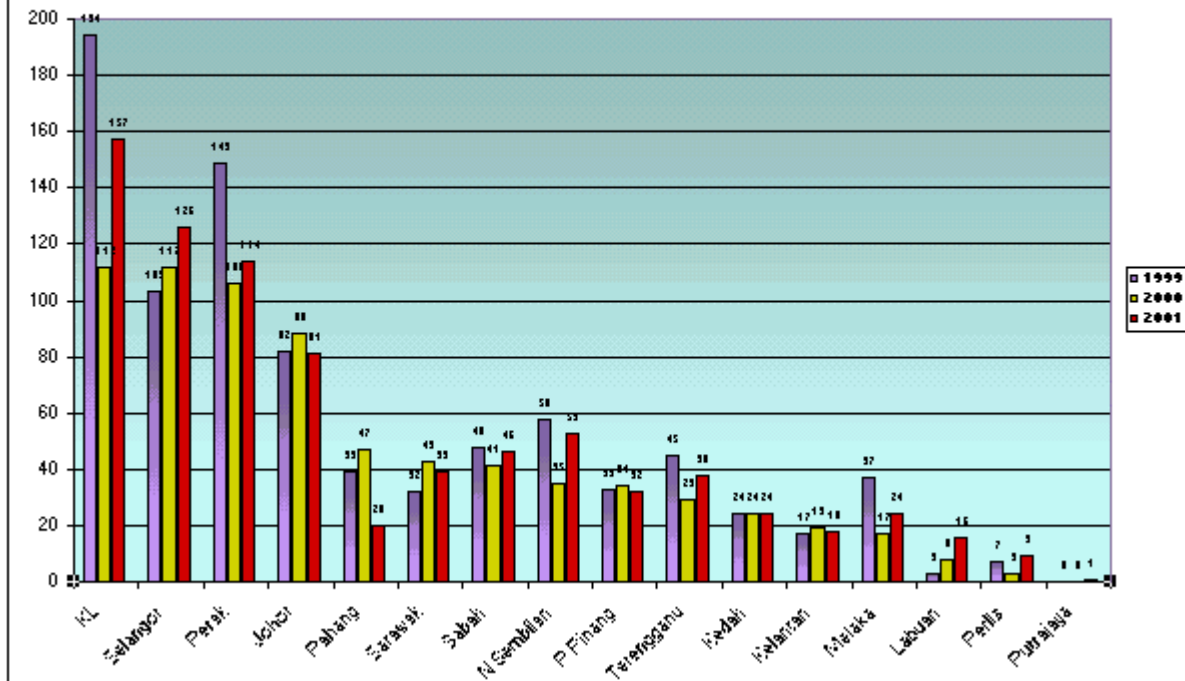
The number of adverse drug reactions reports received increased slightly in 2001 as a total of 811 reports were received as compared to 794 in 2000



ANALYSIS OF REPORTS BY STATES

STATE	NO.OF REPORTS		
	1999	2000	2001
Perlis	7	3	9
Kedah	24	24	24
Perak	149	106	114
Pulau Pinang	33	34	32
Selangor	103	112	126
Negeri Sembilan	58	35	53
Melaka	37	17	24
Johor	82	88	81
Pahang	39	47	20
Terengganu	45	29	38
Kelantan	17	18	19
Sabah	48	41	46
Sarawak	32	43	39
Kuala Lumpur	194	112	157
Labuan	3	5	16

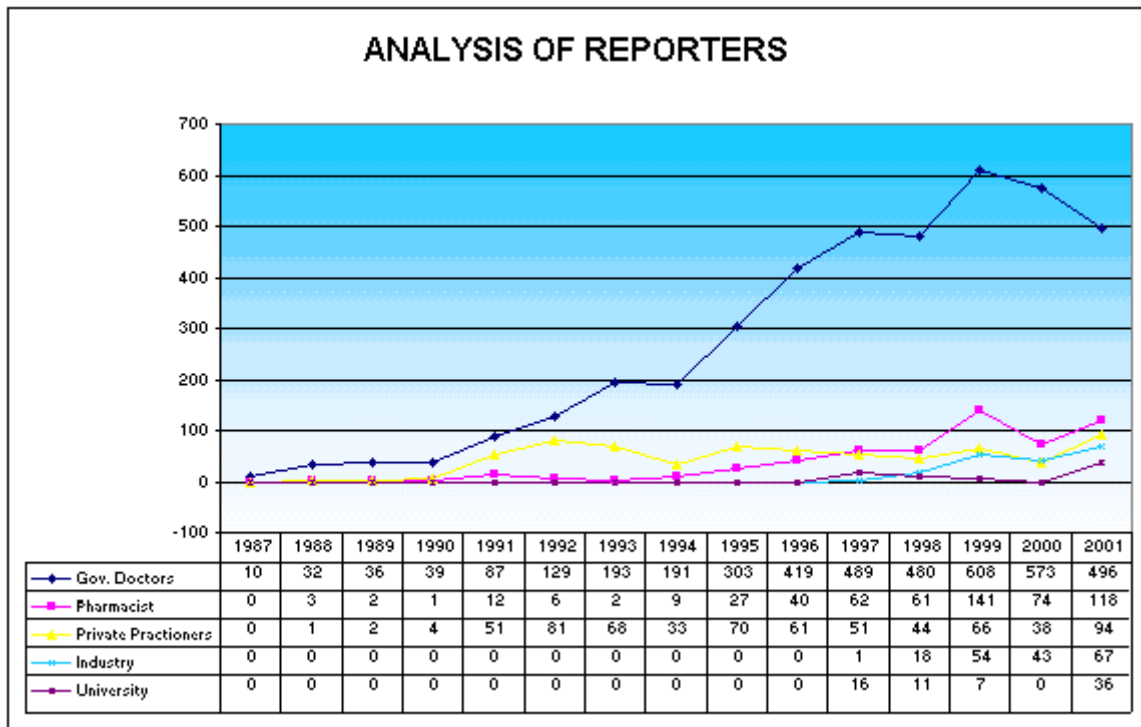
ANALYSIS OF ADRs BY REPORTING STATES



The reporting rate from the various states is as shown above with the highest number of reports being submitted from the Kuala Lumpur General Hospital and from the state of Selangor.

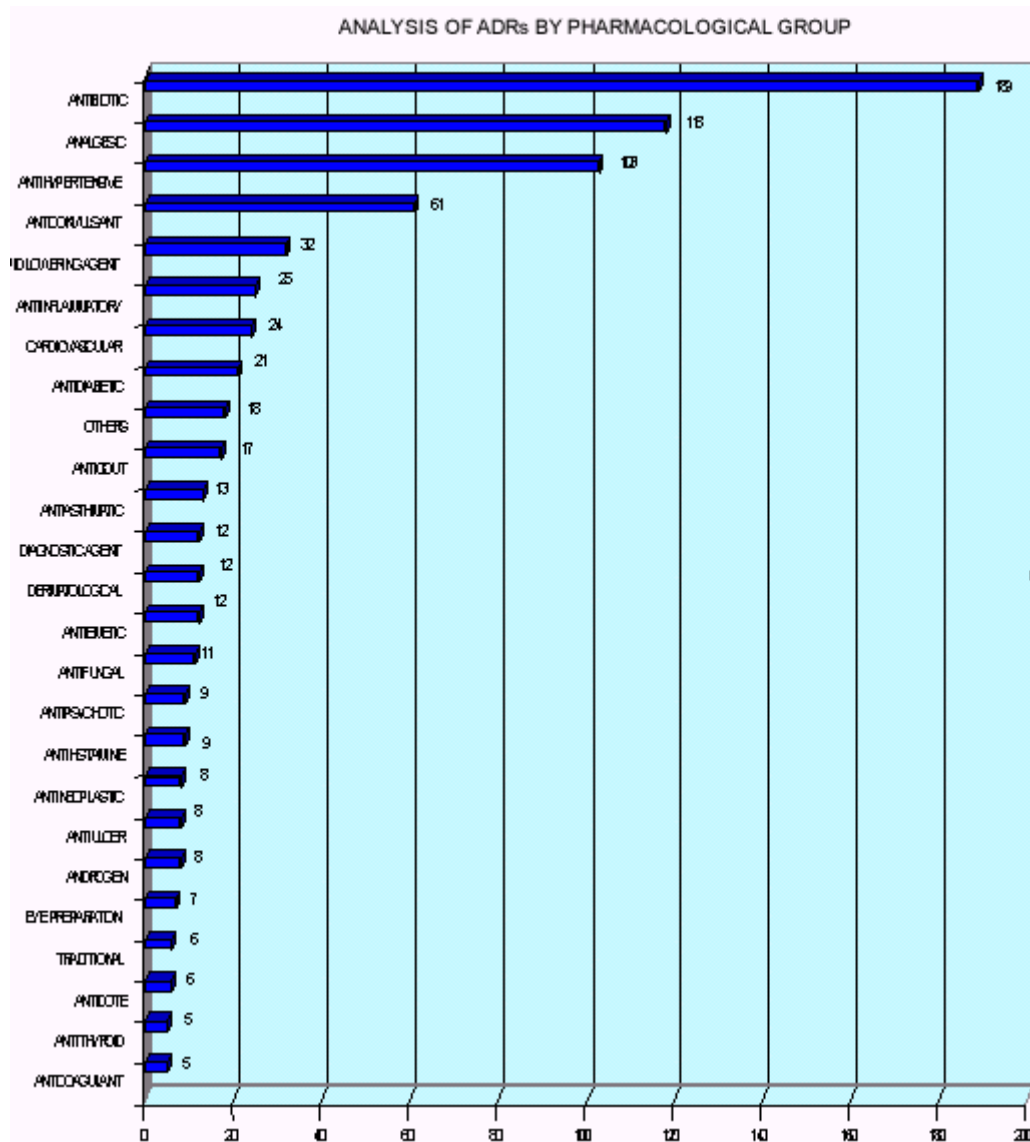
ANALYSIS OF REPORTERS

Efforts were made to encourage a multidisciplinary approach to improve the reporting rate of ADRs which previously relied mainly on doctors in the public sector. In 2000, there was a slight increase in the number of ADRs reported by doctors from the private sector. Unfortunately, the number of ADRs reported by doctors from government hospitals decreased slightly but there was a marked decrease in the number of reports submitted by pharmacists. There was no significant difference in the monitoring of ADRs by the pharmaceutical industry in 2000 as compared to 1999.

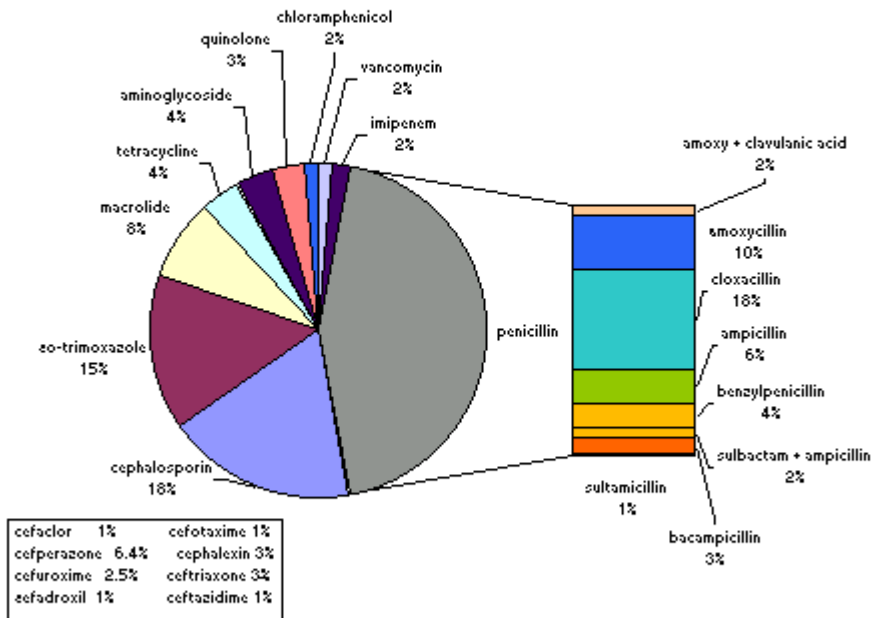


Analysis of ADRs by Pharmacological Groups

As in previous years, antiinfectives were associated with the highest number of adverse reactions reported followed by analgesics.



ANTIBIOTIC (N=190)



ANALGESIC (N=119)

